

2.1 The Monitoring Officer shall publish details on the Council's website of the address to which written allegations that a Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct shall be sent and take reasonable steps to keep the information up to date.

2.2 **Filtering action by Monitoring Officer on receipt of written allegation**

Upon receipt by him of a written allegation with sufficient detail (including name and address of the complainant) that a Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct, the Monitoring Officer may at his discretion consult with the Chairman of Standards and Ethics Committee and/or an appointed Independent Person. The Monitoring Officer shall generally inform the Member concerned and in any event shall determine:-

2.2.1 to take no further action on it, and give written notice of that decision and the reasons for it to the complainant and the member;

2.2.2 to refer the allegation for formal investigation; or

2.2.3 take some other action short of formal investigation, which may include providing advice and guidance, and/or arranging training, mediation or conciliation.

The Monitoring Officer shall notify the outcome of this filtering decision to the complainant, Member and Chairman of the Committee unless the exception in 3.2 applies.

3. **Reference of Allegation for Investigation**

3.1 **Appointment of Investigator**

Upon a determination by the Monitoring Officer to refer the allegation for investigation, he will appoint an Investigator who will investigate the allegation and report to the Committee. The Investigator may be an officer of the Council, an officer of another local authority, or an external person.

3.2 **Notification of appointment of Investigator**

Except where he considers that it would be contrary to the public interest or would prejudice the ability of the Investigator to investigate the allegation, the Monitoring Officer will notify in writing the Member against whom the allegation is made, and the Chairman of the Committee:

3.2.1 that the allegation has been referred by him for investigation and determination by the Committee;

3.2.2 the identity of the person making the allegation (unless the Monitoring Officer agrees that identification of the complainant might prejudice the investigation, put the complainant at risk, or anonymity is in the public interest);

3.2.3 the conduct which is the subject of the allegation;

- 5.3 The Investigator shall then send a copy of his/her draft report in confidence to the Member and the person making the allegation, and request that they send any comments to him/her within 14 days.
- 5.4 The Investigator may send a copy of, or relevant extracts from his/her draft report in confidence to any person on whose evidence he/she has relied in compiling the draft report, and request that they send any comments to him/her within 14 days.

6. The Final Report

- 6.1 After the expiry of the relevant periods set out in paragraph 5 (or such extended period as the Investigator may allow), the Investigator shall reconsider and amend as appropriate his/her draft report in the light of any comments received, and produce and send to the Monitoring Officer his final report. The final report should state that the report represents the Investigator's final findings to be presented to the Committee, and should have appended to it copies of any relevant documents which the Investigator has relied on in reaching his/her conclusions, such as background documents or notes of telephone conversations, letters, and notes of interviews with witnesses;
- 6.2 The Monitoring Officer shall then send a copy of the final report to the Member, advising that:
 - 6.2.1 where the final report concludes that there has not been a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct, he/she will refer the report to the Committee for consideration; or
 - 6.2.2 where the final report concludes that there has

which it was based, together with a copy of the Investigator's report to the Member and the complainant.

Full hearings

- 6.6 Where the Committee finds as set out in paragraph 6.4.2 above (that the matter should be considered at a full hearing) or the Investigator's report contains a finding as set out in 6.2.2 that the Member did fail to comply with the Code of Conduct, the Monitoring Officer shall arrange for the Matter to be considered at such a hearing in accordance with this procedure.

HEARINGS PROCEDURE

7. Date of Hearing

- 7.1 The proper officer will arrange a convenient time and date for the Committee to meet and determine the Matter. Apart from exceptionally complex cases, it is anticipated that a hearing will be dealt with on a single day, or if necessary on consecutive days. In any event, the hearing must take place within 3 months of receipt of the Investigation report by the Monitoring Officer.
- 7.2 At least five clear working days before the hearing, the Member and Investigator shall be notified of the date, time and place of meeting.
- 7.3 At least five clear working days before the hearing, the the Monitoring Officer will send to each member of the Committee, the Member, and the Investigator:
- 7.3.1 the agenda for the meeting set up to determine the Matter
and
 - 7.3.2 a copy of the Investigation report
- 7.4 The documentation sent out must be held by the recipients as confidential information until such time (if any) as the report is made available to the press and public or the Committee agrees that the press and public should not be excluded from the meeting at which the allegations are heard.

8. Representation

- 8.1 The Member may be represented or accompanied during the hearing by a solicitor or barrister or (as long as the Committee or its Chairman has given prior consent) by another person.
- 8.2 The Member may make representations (orally or in writing) or present evidence in accordance with this procedure either personally or through his or her representative. The Committee will not normally permit the Member and his or her representative to both make representations, although the Member may present evidence him or herself whether or not represented.

9. Legal Advice

- 9.1 The Committee may take legal or procedural advice at any time during the hearing or its deliberations. The substance of any such advice should generally

be shared with the Member and/or his representative and the Investigator if they are present.

10. Introductions at the hearing

- 10.1 The Chairman will introduce each of the members of the Committee, and shall also introduce any of the officers present. The Member, his or her representative, and the Investigator shall introduce themselves.

11. Procedural Issues

11.1 Disclosure of interests

The Chairman shall ask members of the Committee to disclose the existence and nature of any interests which they have in the Matter which they are required to disclose under the terms of the Code of Conduct.

- 11.2 The Chairman will then explain the procedure which the Committee intends to follow and resolve any issues or disagreements over how the hearing will be run.

11.3 Quorum

At least three members of the Committee must be present for the duration of the hearing, including at least one independent member (unless an independent member would have been present but was precluded from participating as a result of an interest in the Matter).

- 11.4 The Chairman will satisfy him/herself that the Committee is quorate before proceeding.

11.5 Absences

If the Member is not present, then the Committee shall consider whether or not to proceed. If the Committee is not satisfied that there is sufficient reason for the Member's absence, it may either proceed to consider the Matter and make a determination in the absence of the Member, or adjourn the hearing to another time or date. If the Committee is satisfied there is sufficient reason, it shall adjourn the hearing to another date unless the Member has indicated that the hearing should proceed in his or her absence.

- 11.6 Should the Member's representative not be present, then the Committee may proceed or adjourn as it considers appropriate in the circumstances of the case.

- 11.7 The Committee must in any event, however, ensure that the hearing is held within three months from the date when the Monitoring Officer received the Investigation report from the Investigator.

11.8 Exclusion of Press and Public

Hearings should normally be held in public unless there are proper reasons to exclude the press and public from all or any part of the hearing in accordance with the Council's Access to Information Rules. The Chairman will ask the parties present for their views and take any appropriate advice and the Committee will

the Committee may ask questions of any persons present at any point in the proceedings. The Committee is entitled to rely upon hearsay evidence but will give such weight to it as is appropriate.

16. Determination of the Matter

16.1 At the conclusion of the Member's reply and any questions, the Chairman may ask the Investigator and/or Member if they wish to make any brief concluding remarks. The Chairman will check that members of the Committee are satisfied that they have sufficient information to enable them to determine whether there has been a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct as set out in the Investigator's report. If not, then each member of the Committee may ask such questions to gather sufficient information.

16.2 Unless the Member has accepted there was a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct as set out in the Investigator's report, the Committee shall retire to determine in private whether or not there was such a failure on the balance of probabilities. The Committee will seek the views of the Independent Person before making its determination.

17. Decision

17.1 Having made its determination, the Committee shall return and the Chairman will state the Committee's principal findings on matters in dispute and its decision on whether there has been a failure to comply with the Code.

17.2 No failure to comply with the Code of Conduct

If the Committee decides that the Member has not failed to comply with the Code of Conduct as set out in the Investigation Report, the hearing of the Matter is concluded. The Committee may then proceed to consider whether it should make any recommendations to the Council

- 17.6 The Committee shall then retire to determine in private whether to impose one or more sanctions and, if so, what and when it will take effect. It may also consider whether it should make any recommendations to the Council or members with a view to promoting high standards of conduct.
- 17.7 The Committee will then return, and, as far as is practicable, the Chairman will announce the Committee's decision to the parties on the day and provide a short written confirmation. The Committee will issue a formal written decision together with supporting reasons as soon as practicable after the end of the hearing and in any event within three working days.

18 Allegations that the Protocol has been breached

- 18.1 Most complaints about the operation and observance of the Protocol will be dealt with by the Monitoring Officer or Deputy. However, on occasion the Monitoring Officer may refer a concern that a Member has failed to comply, or continued to fail to comply, with the Protocol to the Committee for consideration. On so doing he shall inform the Member concerned and arrange a hearing of the matter.
- 18.2 The Committee shall receive a report on the matter from the Monitoring Officer or an appointed investigator, and the Member will be given the opportunity to make representations upon it and appear in person at the hearing before the Committee.
- 18.3 The hearing shall then proceed as for complaints that the Code has been breached.

19 Appeals

- 19.1 If the Committee finds the member has breached the Code or the Protocol, the Member may appeal against that finding by serving notice upon the Monitoring Officer within 14 days of the decision, giving reasons for the appeal.
- 19.2